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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/920,801	08/03/2001	Taher Elgamel	06975-193002	8214

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EXAMINER

KLIMACH, PAULA W

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2135

DATE MAILED: 01/26/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 09/920,801	Applicant(s) ELGAMAL ET AL.	
	Examiner Paula W Klimach	Art Unit 2135	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 October 2004.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 31-34, 36-43 and 45-48 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 31-34, 36-43, and 45-48 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

This office action is in response to amendment filed on 10/18/2004. Original application contained Claims 31-48. Applicant cancelled claims 35 and 44, and amended claims 31 and 40. The amendment filed on 10/18/2004 have been entered and made of record. Therefore, presently pending claims are 31-34, 36-43, and 45-48.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 10/18/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive because of following reasons.

Applicant argued that Klemba fails to disclose controlling cryptographic functions of an application program by accessing a policy file. This is not found persuasive due to the definition provided by the Microsoft Press Computer Dictionary of a file. The definition of a file is a complete named collection of information such as a program a set of data used by a basic unit of storage that enables a computer to distinguish one set of information from another. Klemba discloses a policy that involves the personalization of the NFCs (column 5 lines 64-67) and therefore enables a computer to distinguish one set of information from another. The NFC contains set of data used to enforce the policies of a state (column 3 lines 13-37). Therefore the data used describe the policy can be described as a file of data.

Therefore, the examiner asserts that Klemba does teach or suggest the subject matter broadly recited in independent Claims 31 and 40. Dependent Claims 32-34, 36-39, 41-43, and

45-48 are also rejected at least by virtue of their dependency on independent claims and by other reason set forth in this office action. Accordingly, rejections for claims 31-34, 36-43, and 45-48 are respectfully maintained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 31, 38-39, 40, and 47-48 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Klemba et al (5,651,068) in view of the Microsoft Press Computer Dictionary.

In reference to claim 31 and 40, Klemba an apparatus and method for controlling cryptographic functions of an application program wherein the processor is configured to access a policy that reflects a state associated with the policy (column 6 line 20 in combination with column 7 lines 19-24) and that includes an attribute portion configured to store one or more cryptographic policy attributes and a value portion having one or more attribute values, each attribute value corresponding to a cryptographic policy attribute and indicating whether an application program may use the cryptographic policy represented by the cryptographic policy attribute (column 6 lines 16-46). The information provided by the NFC during the initialization messages indicates attributes used by the policy. Further the processor selectively retrieves at least one of encryption information and decryption information from the policy file (column 6 line 58 to column 7 line 18). The NFC retrieves the encryption algorithm for the CU to carry out

Art Unit: 2135

the encryption (column 6 lines 27) and a back door for a third party to decrypt (column 7 lines 1-16). Further the processor selectively processes the retrieved encryption information and decryption information from the policy file in accordance with a predetermined capability condition and provides at least one of allowable encryption levels and decryption levels to the application program (column 5 lines 47-55).

Although Klemba discloses a cryptographic policy that collects data, Klemba does not expressly disclose that the policy is a file.

The Microsoft Press Computer Dictionary describes a file as named collection of information, such as a program, a set of data used by a program, or a user-created document. A file is the basic unit of storage that enables a computer to distinguish one set of information from another (page 194 definition of file).

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to describe the policy in the NFC of Klemba as the claimed policy file. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because a file is a collection of data and the information stored on the NFC is a collection of data that is used by the CU. Klemba discloses a policy that involves the personalization of NFC (column 5 lines 64-67) therefore the personalized policy information is distinguished from other personalized policy information.

In reference to claims 38 and 47, wherein each of the cryptographic policy attributes an indication of the cryptographic capabilities of the application program (column 5 lines 31-46), and each of the attribute values is one of a string, an integer number, and a truth expression (column 6 lines 16-45).

In reference to claims 39 and 48, wherein the truth expression is one of a true flag, a false flag, and a conditional flag (column 6 lines 16-46).

Claims 32-33 and 41-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Klemba as applied to claims 31 and 40 above, and further in view of Anderl et al (WO 87/07063).

Klemba does not expressly disclose the policy file comprising a JAVA archive file..

Anderl discloses the storage of multiple files on a smart card (page 2 lines 19-29). JAR files are Java class files. A smart card can contain multiple files as evidenced by Anderl; therefore can contain JAR files. The JAR files may contain digital signatures which are used for security as the files in Anderl that are credentials used for security.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to keep multiple files as in the file of Anderl in the system of Klemba. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because the amount of files stored in a smart card is only limited by the amount of memory made available in the smart card. In addition the policy of Klemba can be divided into sub domain and files are a convenient method of organizing data.

Art Unit: 2135

In reference to claims 33 and 42, wherein the policy file comprises multiple component files, at least one of the component files storing some of the attribute portions and attribute values.

Although Klemba discloses the a states policies having sub domains (column 5 lines 31-55), Klemba does not discloses the policy being stored in multiple files

Anderl discloses the storage of multiple files on a smart card (page 2 lines 19-29).

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to keep multiple files as in the file of Anderl in the system of Klemba. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because the amount of files stored in a smart card is only limited by the amount of memory made available in the smart card. In addition the policy of Klemba can be divided into sub domain and files are a convenient method of organizing data.

Claims 36-37 and 45-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Klemba and Microsoft Press Computer Dictionary as applied to claims 31 and 40 above, and further in view of and Schneier.

In reference to claims 36 and 45, although Klemba discloses the authentication of the NFC with the NCC and therefore a form of security, Klemba does not disclose a form of security including a digital signature portion including at least one digital certificate for ensuring that the policy file has not been modified.

Schneier discloses the use of digital signatures to secure documents and make them unalterable (page 37 and 38)

Art Unit: 2135

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use digital signatures as in Schneier to secure the policies of Klemba. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because it would ensure that the policy has not been altered and therefore encryption that is illegal in that nation-X is discouraged.

In reference to claims 37 and 46, wherein the signature portion applies to the policy file. The signature disclosed by Schneier refers to the part of the document that should not be altered in this case it would include the policy.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paula W Klimach whose telephone number is (571) 272-3854. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon to Thr 9:30 a.m to 5:30 p.m.


If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kim Vu can be reached on (571) 272-3859. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Art Unit: 2135

PWK

Monday, January 24, 2005



KIM VU
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
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